# Scenario analyses to reduce sediments and nitrogen inputs to the Mar Menor lagoon

Doctorado en Ingeniería del Agua y Medioambiental

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## INTRODUCTION

In the past few decades, the Mar Menor coastal lagoon has experienced an environmental **deterioration**, mainly caused by:

- the intensive agriculture
- past open-pit mining activities

This leads to **elevated nitrate concentrations** in the superficial aquifer, which is connected to the lagoon, and high soil erosion rates.

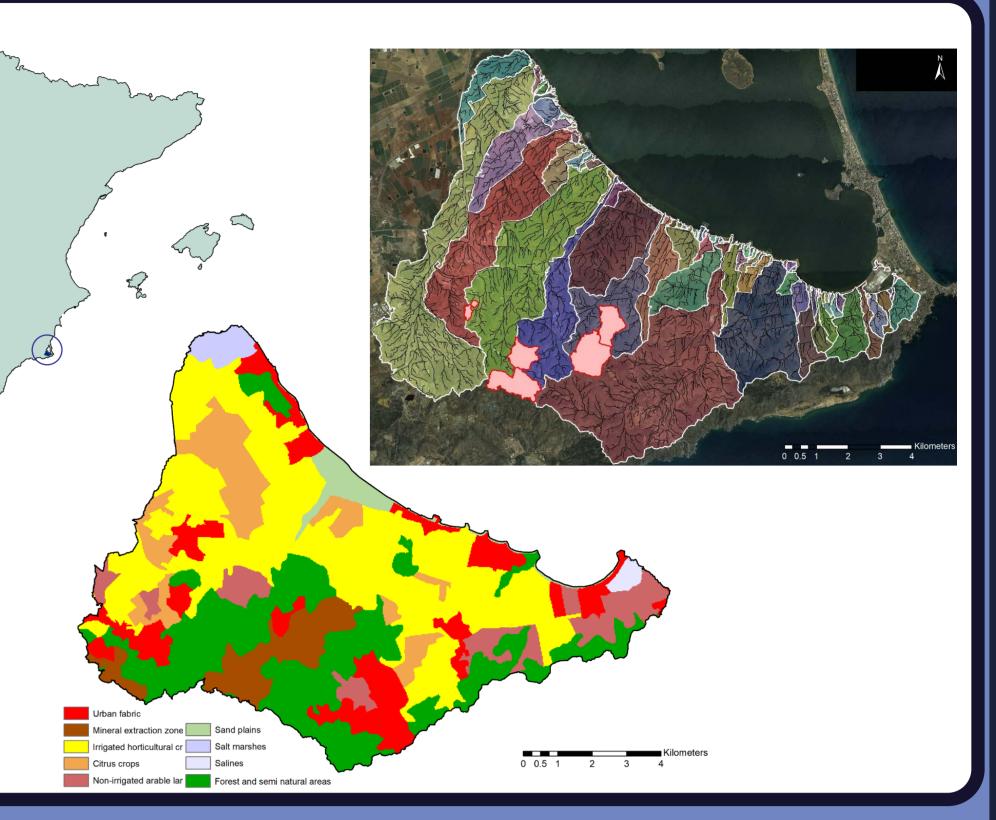
The present study aims to

- estimate the current nitrogen and sediment inputs to the lagoon
- propose and evaluate pollution reduction

### **STUDY AREA**

#### **South Mar Menor basins**

- Murcia, south-East of Spain
- Semi-arid climate:
  - Annual average precipitation: 280 mm
  - Annual average ET0: 1060 mm
- Area: 100 km<sup>2</sup>
- 88 sub-basins
  - 66 small coastal basins
  - 6 endorheic basins
- 45% irrigated and fertilized
  - 10% citrus orchards
  - 35% horticultural crops



### **MODEL IMPLEMENTATION**

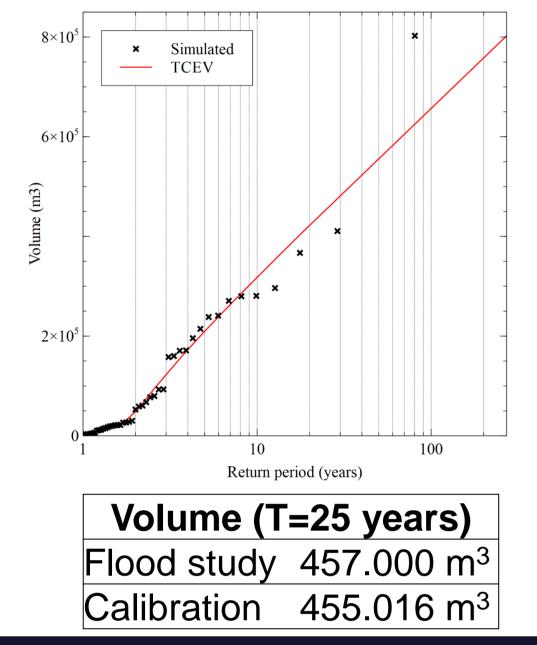
Lack of actual monitorization  $\rightarrow$  Non-traditional calibration

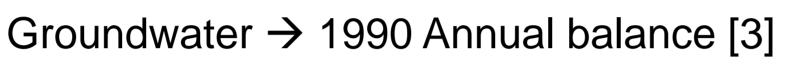
#### **Hydrological calibration**

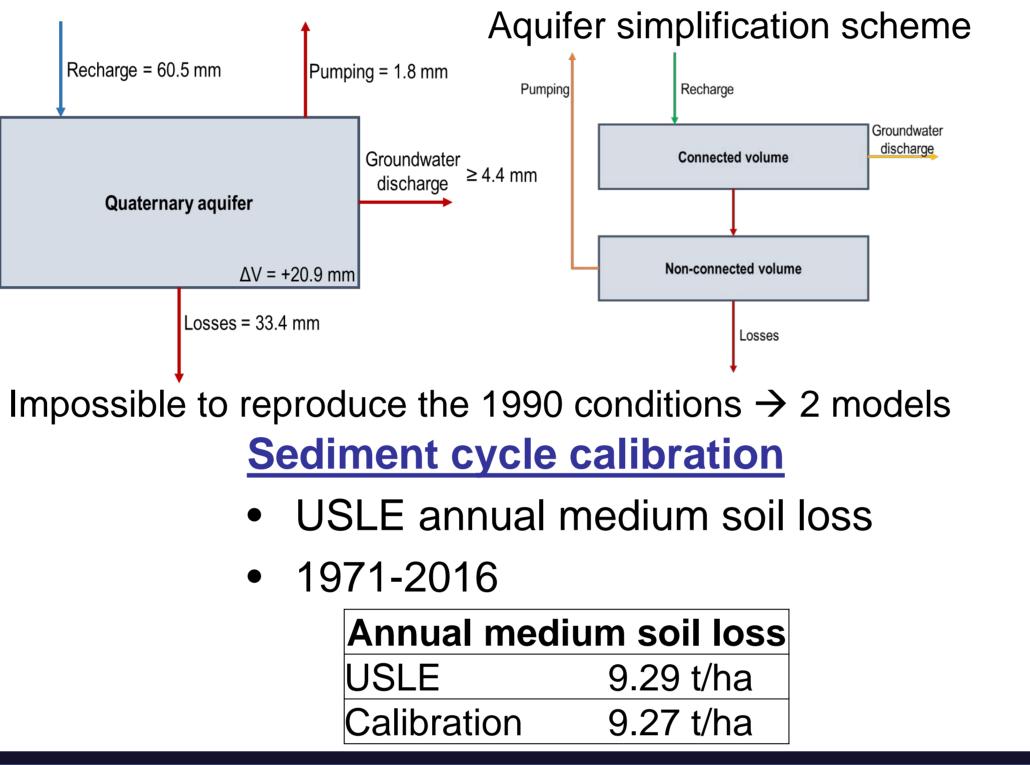
Runoff  $\rightarrow$  Flood study [2]

• 1971-2016









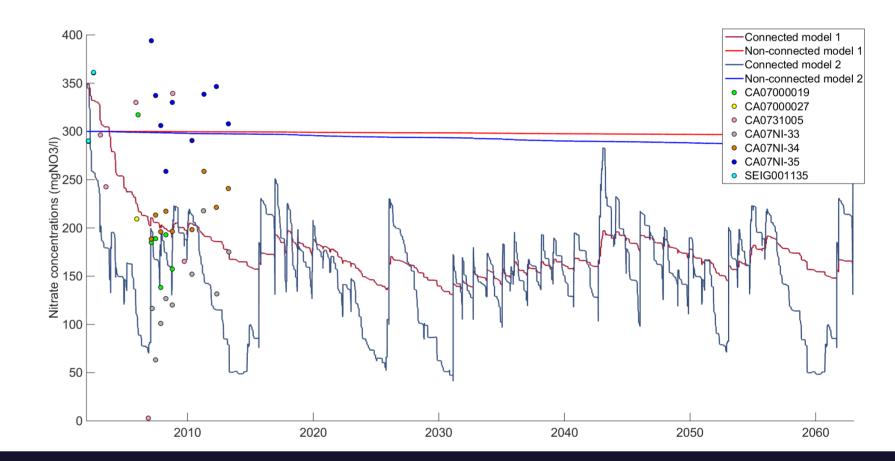
Conceptual distributed model **TETIS** [1]

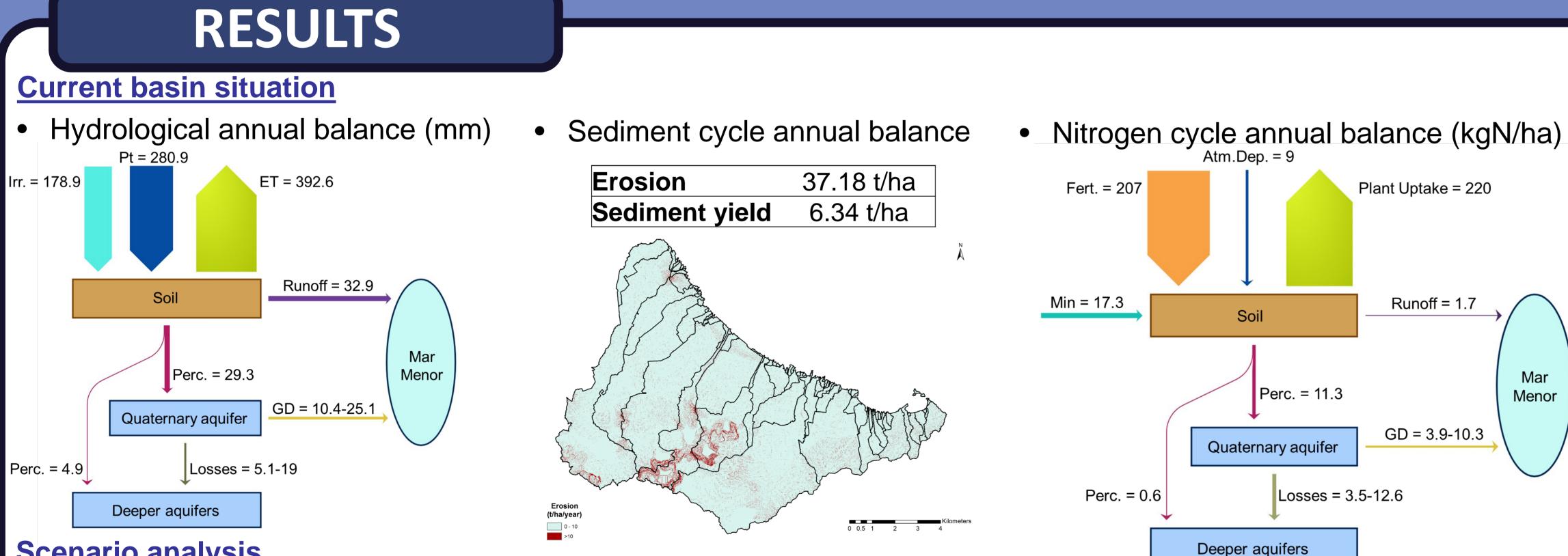
#### Nitrogen cycle calibration

- Nitrogen annual vegetation demand
- 2002-2011

#### Model validation

- 61 years in current basin situation
- Climate repetition (2002-2016-1971-2016)
- Observed aquifer nitrate concentrations





#### **Scenario analysis**

- P05: contouring practices
- P005: contouring practices + hedgerows
- Buffer500: transformation of the horticultural crops into natural vegetation in a buffer of 500 m from the coast

#### **General lagoon inputs variation**

Lagoon nitrogen inputs variation Sediment production and lagoon inputs variation

and a 3 months crop exemption period.

Reforestation: mineral extraction zone reforestation with coniferous

• Fertilizer adjustment: adjusting the fertilizer rates to the vegetation demand

Pumping: pumping water from the Quaternary aquifer in order to reduce the

Scenario	Sediments Nitrogen	Scenario	Erosion	Sediment yield	Scenario	Runoff	Percolation
Current aituation	$6.24 \pm 100$ $5.7 \pm 10.1 \pm 100$	Current aituation	27 10 t/ha	6 24 t/bo	Current aituation	1.74 kaN/ba	11 92 t/ba

discharge to the lagoon

The reforestation of the mineral crucial to extraction zone is reduce the sediment yield and the high erosion rates.

CONCLUSIONS

- The use of **support practices** like hedgerows and contouring is not significant in the case of sediments, however, it shows a significant reduction in the case of the nitrogen pollution associated to the runoff.
- The adjustment of the fertilizer essential İS order to used in reduce the lagoon nitrogen input associated to the runoff and the percolation nitrogen to the aquifers.
- The concentration the in high Quaternary aquifer will be For this during long time. a reason, pumping water from the

Current Situation	0.34 l/11a	5.7-12.1 Kylv/lla		37.10 l/lla	0.34 l/lla		1.74 Kylv/lla	11.02 l/lla
P05	-6.48%	-1.95%	P05	-2.68%	-6.48%	P05	-8.73%	+0.04%
P005	-12.68%	-4.33%	P005	-5.09%	-12.68%	P005	-19.39%	+0.08%
Buffer500	+0.05%	-2.41%	Buffer500	+0.04%	+0.05%	Buffer500	+0.06%	-3.41%
Reforestation	-42.20%	-5.41%	Reforestation	-72.81%	-42.20%	Reforestation	-9.22%	-1.78%
Fertilizer adjustment	+1.70%	-34.32%	Fertilizer adjustment	+0.60%	+1.70%	Fertilizer adjustment	-8.13%	-44.84%
Pumping	0.00%	-68.32%	Pumping	0.00%	0.00%	Pumping	0.00%	0.00%

## REFERENCES

[1] GIMHA. 2018. Description of the distributed conceptual hydrological model TETIS v.9.0.1. Universitat Politècnica de València. [2] CAAMA. 2016. Proyecto de acciones correctoras frente al riesgo de inundación en el entorno de las urbanizaciones de Islas Menores y Mar de Cristial. T.M. Cartagena (Murcia). Consejería de Agua, Agricultura y Medio Ambiente. Región de Murcia. [3] IGME. 1991. Estudio hidrogeológico del Campo de Cartagena. Instituto Geológico y Minero de España.









Runoff = 1.7

GD = 3.9-10.3

Mar

Menor

covering	all	t	the	aqui	fer,
consequent	ly,	а		necessa	ary
improvemer	nt is	the	mo	delling	of
the overall	Can	npo	de	Cartage	na
hydrogeolo	ogica	d u	unit	with	а

groundwater model, whose inputs

can be generated by TETIS.

Quaternary aquifer in order to reduce the discharge to the Mar lagoon, is Menor transient а reduce solution that Will the nitrogen inputs drastically.

In this case the study area is not

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