

Smart Optical Detection of Food Allergens using CD technology

A. A. Badran, Sergi Morais, Rosa Puchades, Ángel Maquieira

Centro de Reconocimiento Molecular y Desarrollo Tecnológico (IDM), Universidad Politécnica de Valencia (UPV), Camino de Vera s/n, 46022, Valencia, España



e-mail: ahalbad@upvnet.upv.es

<u>Aim</u>

The objective of this research is to develop a highly sensitive and selective fast, cheap and reliable method for detection of major Food Allergens; Gluten (*Gliadin*), Milk Proteins (*Casein and \beta-Lactoglobulin BLG*), Egg protein (*Ovalbumin*) and Soybean Protein (*Trypsin Inhibitor*) simultaneously with only **ONE Compact Disk** utilizing Sandwich Immunoassay technique.

Key Words ELISA: enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay MAB: Monoclonal Antibody, HRP: Horse Radish Protein

Introduction

Food allergies are increasing in prevalence [1]. It is estimated that about 5% of young children and 3% to 4% of adults have food allergies [2]. Among the major allergens believed to be responsible for up to 90% of food allergies, milk and egg allergens are the most prominent. Due to its simplicity, sensitivity, and accuracy for native proteins, the most common method used for allergen detection is (*ELISA*). Food allergy denotes an immunologic mechanism represented almost exclusively by *IgE-mediated* reactions [3]. Allergic symptoms, (Fig.1), are varied from eczema, asthma, rhinitis, vomiting, diarrhea, cramps, till *anaphylactic shock* and in some cases may lead to death [4,5].



Method

Fig (1): Food Allergy symptoms

The **Sandwich ELISA** technique (Fig.2) is adopted on compact disk surface which act as a platform for immobilization of (**MABs**), which allow using nano-quantities, printed on the CD by Aspirate/Dispense Platform (**BioDot AD1500**) and provides a large area for printing several antibodies. Each **MAB** react with the corresponding Allergen protein, then adding **MAB** conjugated with **HRP** which later detected by **TMB** and then take readings. (Fig.3)





Fig (2): Sandwich ELISA: The target protein is sandwiched between two MABs one of them is HRP conjugated then detected by the change of TMB color by addition of H2O2

Fig (3): a,b) Printing CD with the MAB Diluted in Carbonate buffer pH 9.2 and incubate Over night in Room temp. c) Adding samples or the target protein standard diluted in PBST and incubated for 30 min. R.T. d) After washing with PBST and distilled H2O, Adding Ab.-Conjugate diluted in PBST and incubate for 30 min. R.T. e) wash then reveal with TMB (dark incubation for 10 – 20 min.). f) Wash with dist. H2O and take readings by CD Drive. (a customized software is utilized for data reading and analysis is used)



References

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